

LOG STACKING REGULATIONS

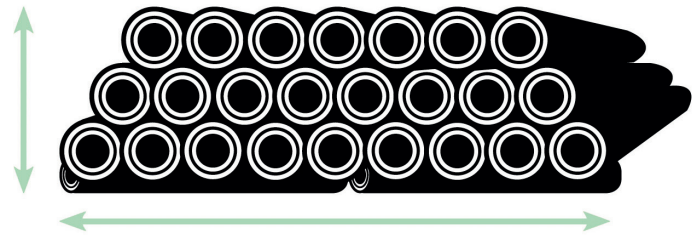
The regulations governing the stacking of logs (log piles) are based on standard forestry practice, recognized forest measurement methods, timber scaling procedures, and current regulations, such as the RVR Framework Agreement for the Trade of Roundwood in Germany (RVR – Rahmenvereinbarung für den Rohholzhandel in Deutschland) and the "Sampling Method for Roundwood Measurement" (49/11997) issued by the Forest Research Institute of Baden-Württemberg (Forstliche Versuchs- und Forschungsanstalt Baden-Württemberg). Certain instructions are supplemented to address the requirements of photo-optical measurement methods.

1. LOG PILE HEIGHT

Minimum 1,5m; Maximum 4,5m; Optimum 3m

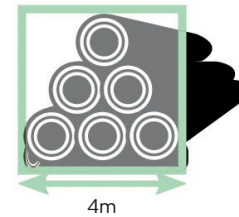
2. LOG PILE WIDTH

Minimum 4m; Maximum 40m; Optimum 25m



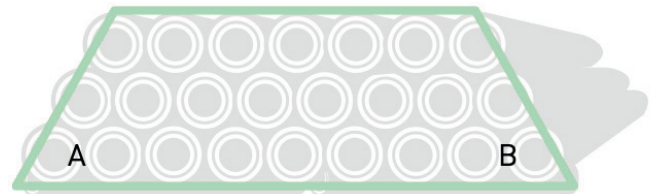
If a log pile exceeds 40 m in width, the measurement must be divided into separate sections. Each section shall be recorded and measured as an individual log pile.

Log piles with a width of less than 4m shall be captured using a single image only.



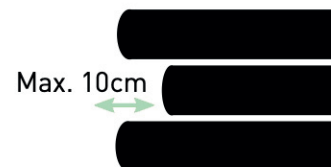
3. LOG PILE SHAPE

The log pile should, whenever possible, be stacked in a trapezoidal shape, with angles A and B ranging between 35° and 85°.



4. UNIFORM LOG ALIGNMENT

The deviation of the log pile end faces from the mean plane should, where possible, not exceed 10 cm.



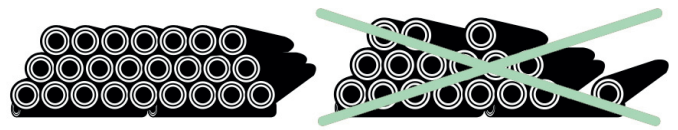
5. OTHER REQUIREMENTS

- Only one ordered log length (nominal log length excluding any allowance/trim allowance) is permitted per lot (settlement unit).

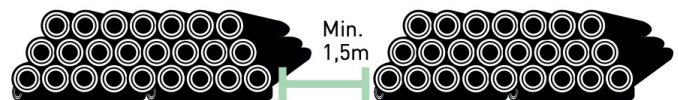
- Log piles must be stacked separately by timber species group (tree species and timber assortment/product class).



- Log piles shall be stacked on supports at both ends and placed alongside a road accessible to logging trucks.
- Unobstructed access to both the front and rear faces of the log pile shall be maintained.
- The front face of the log pile must be clearly visible and unobstructed.
- Log piles should be kept free, as far as possible, from branches and other foreign material.
- Logs shall be stacked tightly and compactly.



- The front and rear faces of the log pile should, as far as possible, have a uniform pile height and width.
- The proportion of clearly identifiable butt logs contaminated with soil (earthy butt sections) shall not exceed 50%.
- The distance between individual log piles must be at least 1.5 m.



CONTACT INFORMATION

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